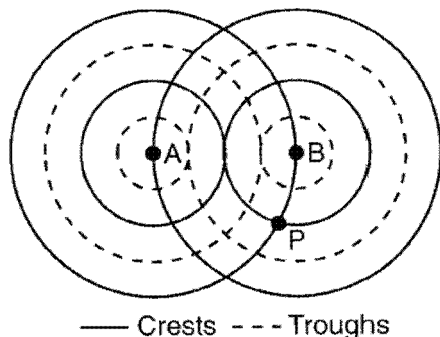


Practice - Surface Waves

Name: _____

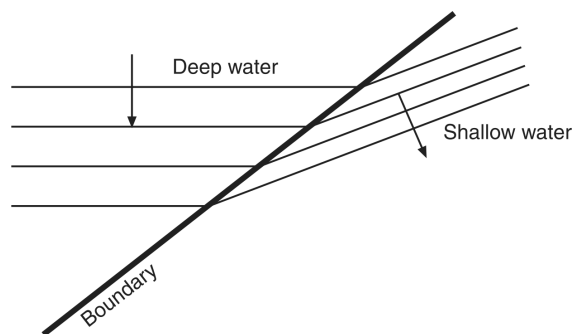
Date: _____

1. The accompanying diagram shows two sources, *A* and *B*, vibrating in phase in the same uniform medium and producing circular wave fronts.



Which phenomenon occurs at point *P*?

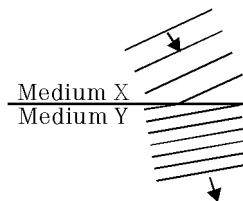
- A. destructive interference
 - B. constructive interference
 - C. reflection
 - D. refraction
2. The diagram below represents straight wave fronts passing from deep water into shallow water, with a change in speed and direction.



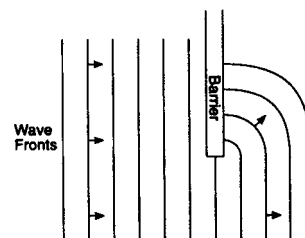
Which phenomenon is illustrated in the diagram?

- A. reflection
- B. refraction
- C. diffraction
- D. interference

3. The diagram represents wave fronts traveling from medium *X* into medium *Y*. All points on any one wave front shown must be



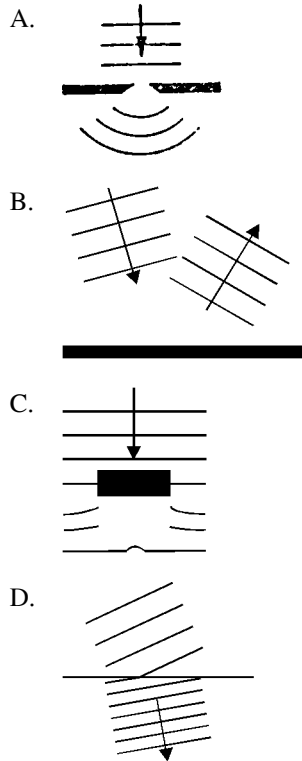
- A. traveling with the same speed
 - B. traveling in the same medium
 - C. in phase
 - D. superposed
4. The diagram shows a wave phenomenon. The pattern of waves shown behind the barrier is the result of



- A. reflection
 - B. refraction
 - C. diffraction
 - D. interference
5. Waves pass through a 10.-centimeter opening in a barrier without being diffracted. This observation provides evidence that the wavelength of the waves is

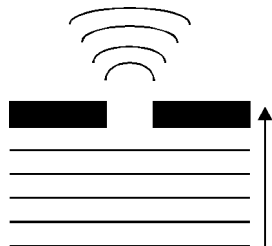
- A. much shorter than 10. cm
- B. equal to 10. cm
- C. longer than 10. cm, but shorter than 20. cm
- D. longer than 20. cm

6. Which diagram best illustrates wave refraction?



7. Which wave phenomenon is represented in the diagram here?

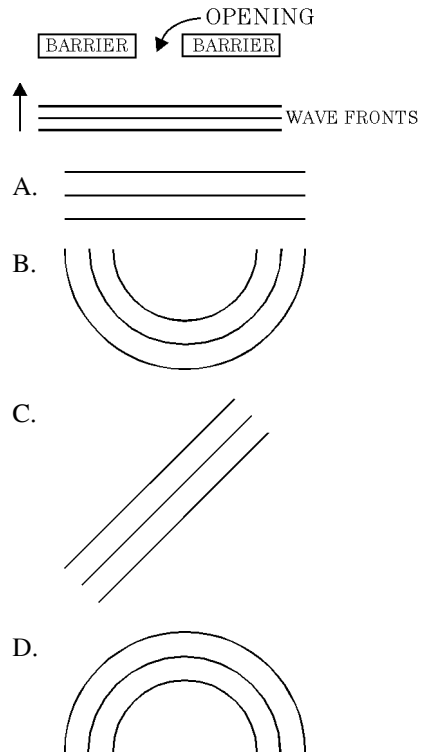
- A. refraction
- B. diffraction
- C. reflection
- D. interference



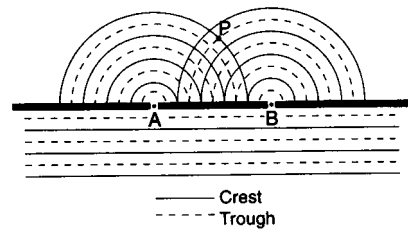
8. Parallel wave fronts incident on an opening in a barrier are diffracted. For which combination of wavelength and size of opening will diffraction effects be greatest?

- A. short wavelength and narrow opening
- B. short wavelength and wide opening
- C. long wavelength and narrow opening
- D. long wavelength and wide opening

9. The diagram shown represents straight wave fronts approaching an opening in a barrier. Which diagram best represents the shape of the waves after passing through the opening?



10. The diagram represents shallow water waves of wavelength λ passing through two small openings, A and B , in a barrier. Compared to the length of the path BP , the length of path AP is

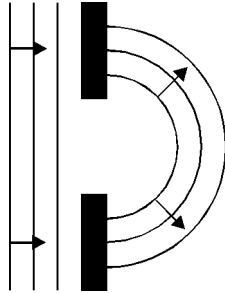


- A. 1λ longer
- B. 2λ longer
- C. $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ longer
- D. the same

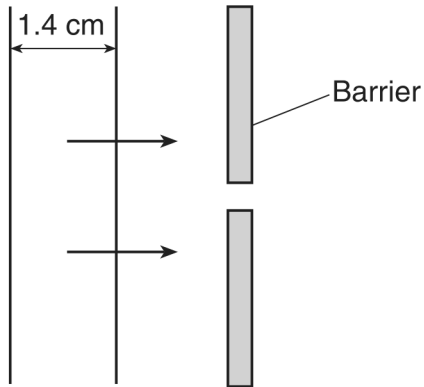
11. The diagram given shows straight wave fronts passing through an opening in a barrier.

This wave phenomenon is called

- A. reflection
- B. refraction
- C. polarization
- D. diffraction



12. The diagram below shows a series of straight wave fronts produced in a shallow tank of water approaching a small opening in a barrier.



Wave fronts

Which diagram represents the appearance of the wave fronts after passing through the opening in the barrier?

- A.

Diagram A shows semi-circular wave fronts moving to the right, indicated by two arrows. A dimension line across the diameter of the semi-circles is labeled "1.4 cm".
- B.

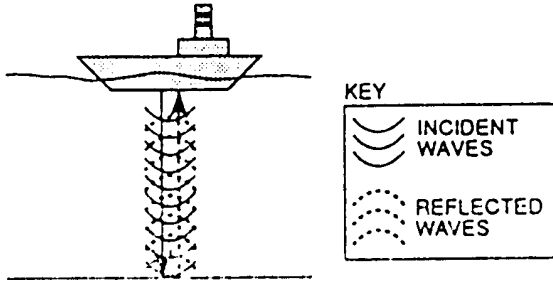
Diagram B shows semi-circular wave fronts moving to the right, indicated by two arrows. A dimension line across the diameter of the semi-circles is labeled "0.7 cm".
- C.

Diagram C shows vertical parallel wave fronts moving to the right, indicated by two arrows. A dimension line above the first two lines is labeled "1.4 cm".
- D.

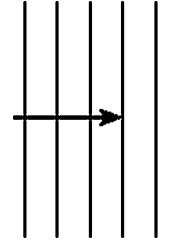
Diagram D shows vertical parallel wave fronts moving to the right, indicated by two arrows. A dimension line above the first two lines is labeled "0.7 cm".

13. The sonar of a stationary ship sends a signal with a frequency of 5.0×10^3 hertz down through water. The speed of the signal is 1.5×10^3 meters per second. The echo from the bottom is detected 4.0 seconds later.

- What is the wavelength of the sonar wave? [Show all calculations, including the equation and substitution with units.]
- What is the depth of the water under the ship? [Show all calculations, including the equation and substitution with units.]

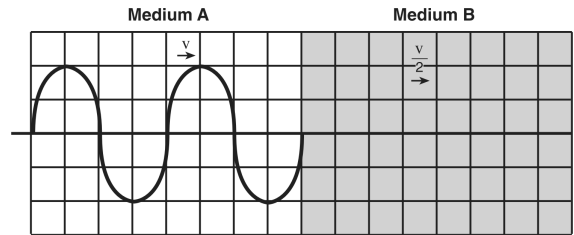


14. The accompanying diagram shows a plane wave passing through a small opening in a barrier.



On the diagram above, sketch four wave fronts after they have passed through the barrier.

15. A periodic wave travels at speed v through medium A . The wave passes with all its energy into medium B . The speed of the wave through medium B is $\frac{v}{2}$. On the diagram below, draw the wave as it travels through medium B . [Show at least one full wave.]



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1.
Answer: B

2.
Answer: B

3.
Answer: C

4.
Answer: C

5.
Answer: A

6.
Answer: D

7.
Answer: B

8.
Answer: C

9.
Answer: D

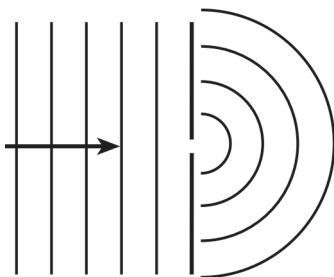
10.
Answer: C

11.
Answer: D

12.
Answer: A

13.
Answer:

14.
Answer:



15.
Answer:

